# ID---4039

## **B.C.A. EXAMINATION, 2022**

(First Semester)

LOGICAL ORGANIZATION OF

COMPUTER-I

Code a CA-104

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

Note: Attempt any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

#### Unit I

1. (a) Describe Truth Table.

- (b) Explain Multilevel NAND circuit.
- (c) Write a short note on Pallel Binary
  Adder.
- (d) What is Digital Signal?
- (e) Explain Karnaugh Maps.
- (f) Describe Standard SOP form of Boolean function.
- (g) What is Unicode? Describe it.
- (h) Describe Full Adder.

#### Unit II

- 2. (a) What are parity bits? How are these relevant in error detection and correction code? Explain with example.
  - (b) Explain Floating point representation of number and character codes.
- 3. (a) Explain the BCD code in detail. Also explain why these codes are used.
  - (b) Explain error detection and correction codes.

T-4039

2

## Unit III

4. (a) Simplify the following Boolean expression using K-Map:

$$F(a, b, c) = \Sigma(1, 4, 5, 6, 7)$$

and realize the same using NAND gates.

- (b) What do you mean by canonical and standard form of Boolean function? Explain.
- 5, Explain the following:
  - (a) SOP<sub>S</sub> and POS<sub>S</sub>
  - (b) Venn Diagram and Boolean Algebra.

## **Unit IV**

- 6. (a) What are AND-OR-INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT implementation? Explain.
  - (b) What is combinational circuit? What are its characteristics? Detail out the procedure for design of combinational circuit.

# 7. Explain the following:

- (a) Design a combinational circuit that recives 2-bit binary input and produce its square at the output.
- (b) What is Universal Gate? Why are these named so? Justify.

### Unit V .

- 8., (a) What is a multiplexer? How does it work? What are its applications? Explain.
  - (b) What is Half adder and Full adder?

    Design a full adder and implement the same using gates.
- 9. (a) What is the principle of encoder and decoder? How is an encoder different from a decoder?
  - (b) What are Comparators? Where are comparators used? Describe its types.